

Getting started with for

Spoken Tutorial Project

<http://spoken-tutorial.org>

National Mission on Education through ICT

<http://sakshat.ac.in>

Script:Thirumalesh H S

Narrator:Trupti Kini

IIT Bombay

8th November 2017



Learning Objectives



Learning Objectives

- ▶ Use the for loop



Learning Objectives

- ▶ Use the **for** loop
- ▶ Use **range()** function



System Specifications



System Specifications

- ▶ **Ubuntu Linux 14.04 operating system**



System Specifications

- ▶ **Ubuntu Linux 14.04 operating system**
- ▶ **Python 3.4.3**



System Specifications

- ▶ **Ubuntu Linux 14.04 operating system**
- ▶ **Python 3.4.3**
- ▶ **IPython 5.1.0**



Pre-requisite

- ▶ To practice this tutorial, you should know how to use **lists**



Pre-requisite

- ▶ To practice this tutorial, you should know how to use **lists**
- ▶ **If not, see the relevant Python tutorials on**
<http://spoken-tutorial.org>



Syntax :for

```
for <loop variable> in sequence:  
    <statement 1>  
    <statement 2>  
    ...  
    <statement n>
```

- ▶ **for** statement iterates over the members of a sequence in order, executing the block each time



Exercise 1

- ▶ Use the same example we used in `sqrt_num_list.py`
- ▶ Type each line of the code in the **IPython** interpreter
- ▶ Skip the line:
`print(" This is outside for-loop")`



range () function

Generates a list of integers



range () function

Generates a list of integers

▶ **Syntax :**

`range([start,] stop[, step])`



range () function

Example :

- ▶ `range(1, 20, 2)`
generates integers from 1 to 19
with step of 2



range () function

Example :

- ▶ `range(1, 20, 2)`
generates integers from 1 to 19
with step of 2
- ▶ `range(20)`
generates integers from 0 to 19



Exercise 2

- ▶ Find out the **cube** of all the numbers from 1 to 10



Exercise 2

- ▶ Find out the **cube** of all the numbers from 1 to 10
- ▶ Execute this in the **Python** interpreter



Exercise 3

Print all the odd numbers from 1 to 50



Summary

In this tutorial, we learnt to,



Summary

In this tutorial, we learnt to,

- ▶ Create blocks in python using **for**
- ▶ Indent the blocks of code
- ▶ Iterate over a list using **for** loop
- ▶ Use the **range()** function



Evaluation

1. Indentation is not mandatory in Python
 - ▶ True
 - ▶ False



Evaluation

2. Write a **for** loop to print the product of all natural numbers from 1 to 20
3. What will be the output of :
range(1, 5)



Solutions

1. **False, Indentation is essential in python**

```
2. y = 1
   for x in range(1, 21) :
       y *= x
   print (y)
```



Solutions

3. `range(1, 5)` will produce a list of integers from 1 to 4 `[1,2,3,4]`



Forum to answer questions

- ▶ **Do you have questions in THIS Spoken Tutorial?**
- ▶ **Choose the minute and second where you have the question.**
- ▶ **Explain your question briefly.**
- ▶ **Someone from the FOSSEE team will answer them. Please visit**

<http://forums.spoken-tutorial.org/>



Forum to answer questions

- ▶ Questions not related to the Spoken Tutorial?
- ▶ Do you have general / technical questions on the Software?
- ▶ Please visit the FOSSEE Forum
<http://forums.fossee.in/>
- ▶ Choose the Software and post your question.



Textbook Companion Project

- ▶ **The FOSSEE team coordinates coding of solved examples of popular books**
- ▶ **We give honorarium and certificate to those who do this**

For more details, please visit this site:

<http://tbc-python.fossee.in/>



Acknowledgements

- ▶ **Spoken Tutorial Project is a part of the Talk to a Teacher project**
- ▶ **It is supported by the National Mission on Education through ICT, MHRD, Government of India**
- ▶ **More information on this Mission is available at:**

<http://spoken-tutorial.org/NMEICT-Intro>



THANK YOU!

For more Information, visit our website
<http://fossee.in/>

